MTU Series 4000 engines power new Boston Towing and Transportation tugboats used at major LNG terminals

New high-speed diesel engines are ideally suited for ship-assist tugboats used to guide liquefied natural gas (LNG) tankers to both an onshore docking terminal in Boston Harbor and an offshore terminal near Gloucester, Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Massachusetts — Boston Harbor has been an important shipping center for more than 300 years, from its influx of European immigrants to the wide variety of cargo it handles today. Since the early 1970s, the area has become a major center for unloading the liquefied natural gas (LNG) tankers that supply natural gas to much of the Northeast. Getting those tankers safely to their terminals is the job of ship-assist tugboats such as those operated by Boston Towing and Transportation (BT&T). When BT&T commissioned two new tugs for assisting LNG tankers belonging to global giant Suez Energy North America, it specified them with twin MTU 16V Series 4000 marine diesel engines. The new ultra-reliable, high-speed diesel engines are proving to be ideally suited to this challenging application.

The two new BT&T tugboats are the 39-meter Independence and the 30-meter Justice. Both boats were designed by the renowned naval architectural firm Robert Allan Ltd. specifically to provide support for LNG ships in harbor and at sea in heavy weather conditions. The Justice was built by Martinac Shipyards in Seattle, Washington; the Independence was built by Derecktor Shipyards in Bridgeport, Connecticut. Boston-area MTU distributor, New England Detroit Diesel-Allison in Wakefield, Massachusetts, supplied the engines. The two new boats, the first in the fleet to be equipped with MTU marine engines, join a fleet of eight other tugs owned by BT&T.

Marine

Who: Boston Towing and Transportation
What: Two new tugboats outfitted with dual MTU Series 4000 16V engines
Why: With tugs operating 24 hours a day in all weather conditions, Boston Towing and Transportation needed engines that were fuel efficient, powerful, reliable and quiet
Where: Boston Harbor and Gloucester, Massachusetts, USA

Bill Skinner, marine superintendent for BT&T
“So far, the MTU engines have matched our mission profile perfectly.”
According to Bill Skinner, marine superintendent for BT&T, “Suez Energy North America is BT&T’s largest customer, and they have contracted with us to handle LNG ships for the next 20 years. Based on that contract, Boston Towing was able to finance and build the new tugboats and take delivery of them in late 2009.”

BT&T handles approximately 60 LNG tankers coming into the Port of Boston at Everett, Massachusetts, and also tend supplemental LNG shipments that arrive at the Neptune deep-water terminal in international waters about 12 miles off the coast of Gloucester, Massachusetts. The 30-meter Justice was primarily designed to help ships coming into the Port of Boston, while the 39-meter Independence was designed for use at the deep-water terminal offshore. Because of the harsher environment that the Independence works in, the larger tug is specially designed with deck and bulwark deicing for cold weather, and for high winds and steep seas.

“Our primary mission at the LNG terminals is emergency towing,” says Skinner. “Our second mission is firefighting, and our third is personnel rescue using our crane-launched Ribcraft inflatable.”

Powerful and compact engines
The MTU Series 4000 engines are high-speed diesels with a top end of 1,800 RPM. Many other tugboat engines of the same horsepower rating are medium-speed engines that top out at 750 to 900 RPM. Because they run slower, the medium-speed diesels have to be much larger and heavier — an issue that affects the design of the boat and working space in the engine room. “In our smaller new tug, Justice, engine-room space was at a premium, so the more compact MTU engines with their better power-to-weight ratio made a significant difference in creating a workable engine room,” says Skinner.

While BT&T had not used MTU engines in its tugboat fleet in the past, it became aware of MTU through its parent company, Reinauer Transportation, which has had good experiences with MTU engines. During the design stage of the new tugs, Skinner was convinced to consider the MTU line of high-speed marine diesel engines after learning about their high power-to-weight ratio, quiet operation, durability and excellent performance characteristics — including good fuel economy.

Another factor that favored using MTU diesel engines in this application was the operating profile of the tugs. Skinner says that the boats spend “less than one-tenth of one percent at full rack speed” and usually have an annual load factor of only 30 to 35 percent due to the high percentage of idling time. However, when full power is needed, Skinner says, “the MTU engines have excellent throttle response combined with a very clean stack.”

Quiet operation is a safety factor
Engines with low noise and vibration play a big role in making a boat comfortable and safe for crews that work around the clock, says Skinner. Today’s working boats have only half the number of crew aboard as in the past, so there has to be a lot of technology to support them. By keeping engine noise and vibration low, there is much less fatigue experienced by the crew.

“The living quarters inside both of these vessels are extraordinarily quiet,” says Skinner. “Most of the time, we cannot tell the MTU engines are even running. In fact, the captains often don’t know the engines have been started until they look at their gauges.”

Another reason BT&T decided on the MTU Series 4000 engines was that they could provide power for propulsion as well as for running the firefighting pumps. Each engine can deliver 1,000 horsepower off the front of the crankshaft to drive a firefighting pump, leaving a combined 3,400 horsepower to power the propellers for
towing or maneuvering. This capability eliminated the need for two separate auxiliary pump engines that would have taken up a lot of space and required long-term maintenance.

“This is also where the controllable-pitch Z-drives come in,” adds Skinner. “These Z-drives allow us to use the same engines for pumping and propulsion and not worry about overloading them. They also save fuel, produce a cleaner stack and result in gentler handling in close quarters because of reduced prop wash.”

**Scheduling maintenance on the go**

Maintenance on BT&T’s new tugs consists primarily of regular oil and filter changes performed by the MTU distributor while the boats come to the dock for six hours during a crew change. While the engines are under warranty, Skinner says they are changing the oil every 1,000 hours as recommended by the manufacturer. Eventually, they will alter that schedule as they’ve done with the rest of their fleet based on what Skinner called “a common-sense factor” that involves analyzing oil samples and slowly increasing the oil-change intervals in 250-hour increments until an ideal interval is determined for the application.

The MTU Series 4000 engine boasts a long interval between overhauls, but while it would normally be considered ready after 30,000 hours of operation, Skinner thinks the engines in the Justice and Independence are likely to go much longer than that. “With this application’s low duty cycle, I don’t think we’ll be measuring our overhaul interval in chronological hours but rather in the total amount of fuel consumed. In fact, I’m 54, and I’ll be retired before these engines have to be overhauled. That’s a nice thought.”

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